



android

Who are your helpers?

- Thijs Heijligenberg
 - Thijshberg@dds.nl
- Ward Theunisse
 - wmtheunisse@outlook.com
- Tim Kutscha
 - tim.kutscha@student.ru.nl

Attention

- Slides do not contain all information you need
 - use StackOverflow, Google, etc
- You are responsible for learning things yourself
 - so many tutorials online
 - great documentation

Let's invent Android Programming

- What do we have?

- Screen
- Speakers
- Sensors



Let's invent Android Programming

- What do we want?
 - Cool stuff!



Let's invent Android Programming

- What do we need?
 - Define data
 - Define behavior
 - Define how data is displayd

Let's invent Android Programming

- How to talk to Computer?
 - Programming Language!



Let's invent Android Programming

- Which programming language?
 - Many to choose from
- What is the best programming language?

Let's invent Android Programming



..let's just pick
java

Let's invent Android Programming

- Java is mature
- Portable
- Has many libraries
- Strongly Typed
- Garbage Collection

..but have you ever tried to
create a beautiful GUI with
java?

IT SUCKS!

Let's invent Android Programming

- What did we solve?

Let's invent Android

- What do we need?
 - Define data
 - Define behavior
 - Define how data is displayd

Let's invent Android Programming

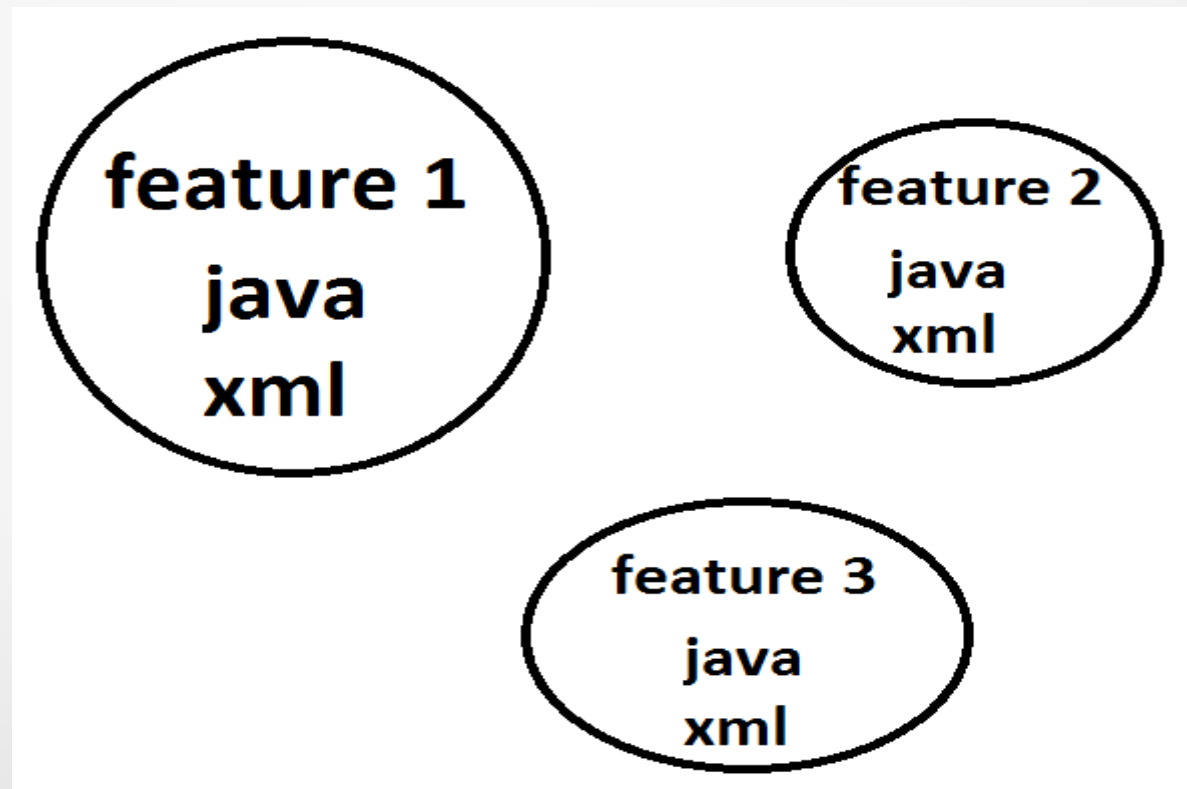
- How to display data?
- What about html?
 - html is used since the birth of the internet
 - great for displaying data
- Let's use xml
 - variant of html
 - you can define your own tags

Let's invent Android Programming

- Wrap up:
- Define behavior and datastructures: JAVA
- Define how this data is displayed: XML

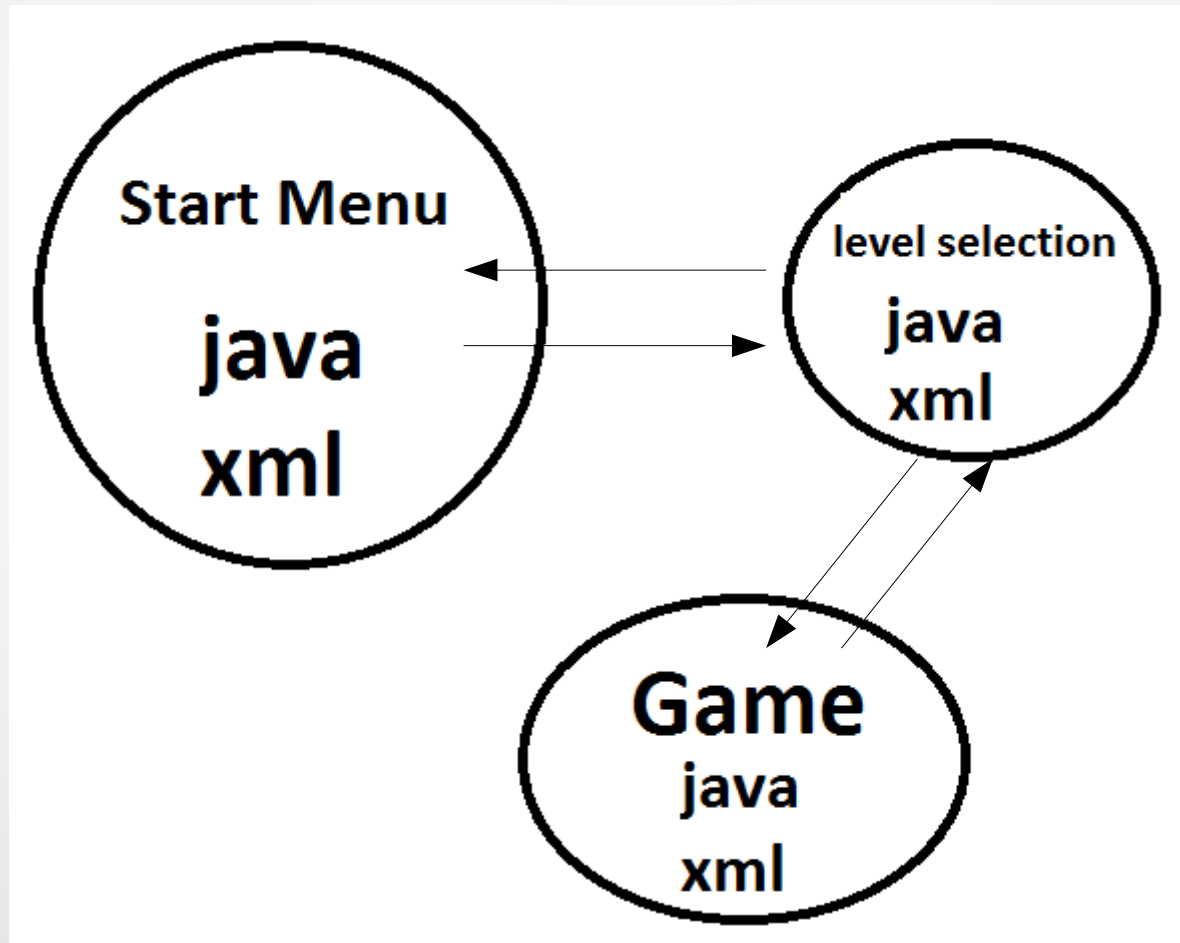
Let's invent Android Programming

- We want an app that does more than one thing
- How do we structure that?



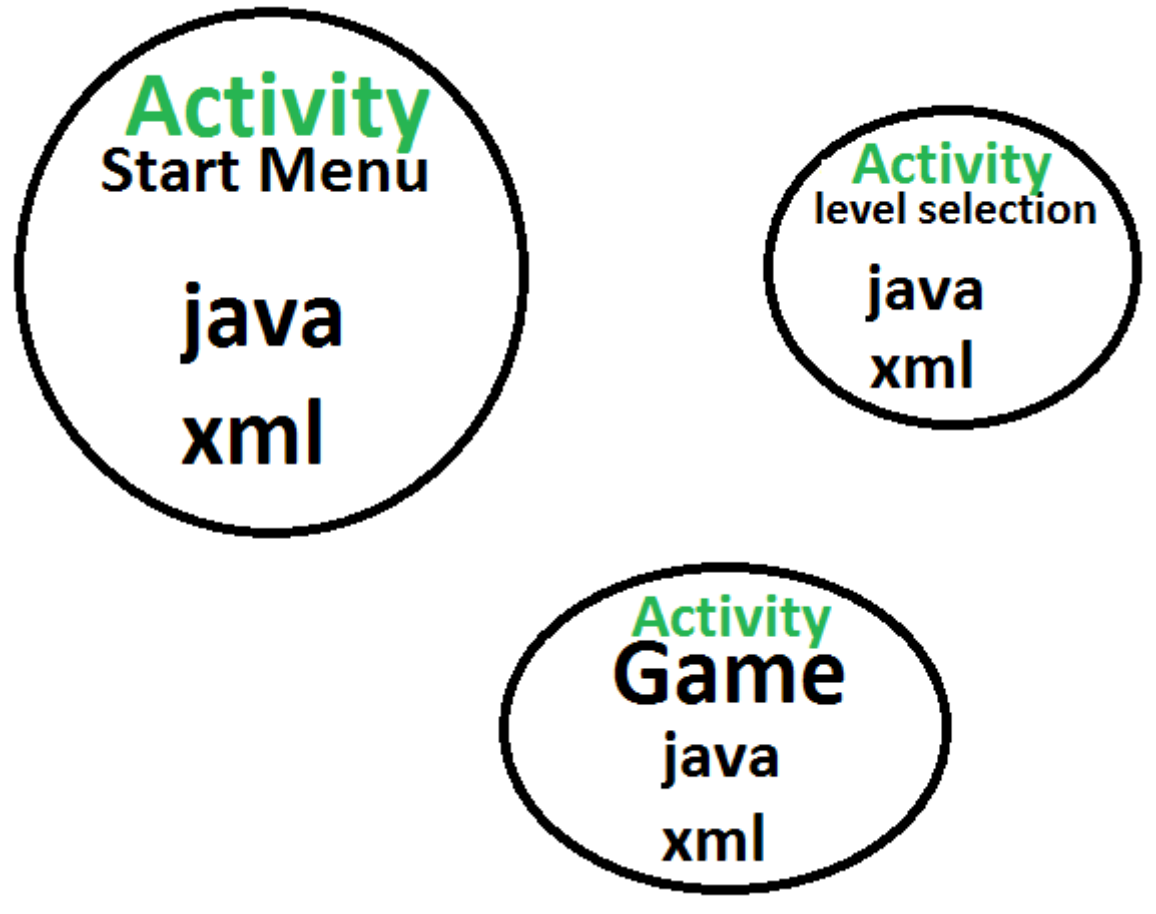
Let's invent Android Programming

- We got relations between different features



Let's invent Android Programming

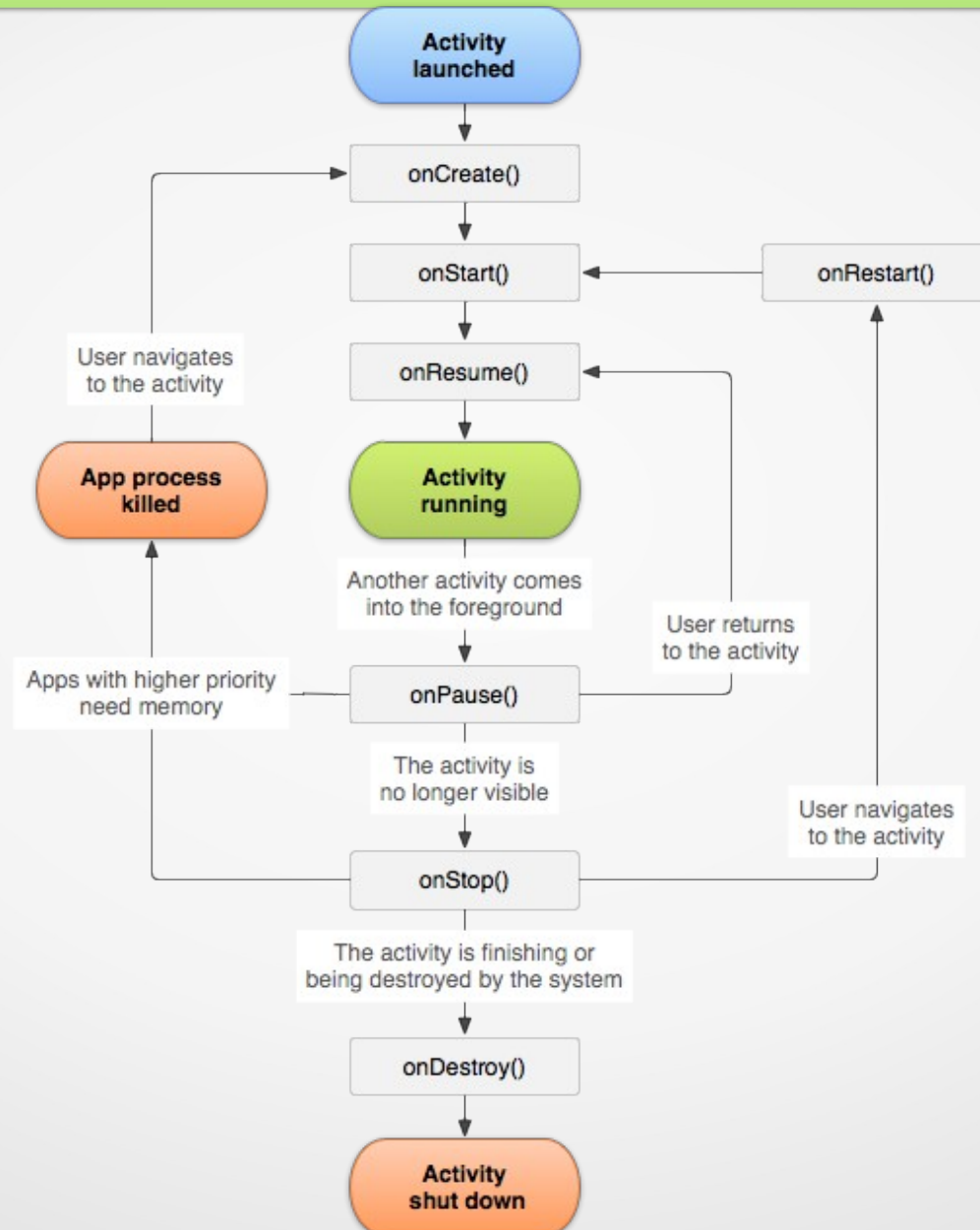
- Let's give those feature containers a name:
 - Activity



Let's invent Android Programming

- Short recap
- Data + Behavior: JAVA
- View: XML
- Structure in Activity

Activity Lifecycle



Hands on: Hello world!

- Let's write a Hello World app



Hands on: Hello world!!

- One Activity
- Data: String: 'Hello World!'
- Behavior: None
- View: Display Data

Hands on: Hello world!!!

- In java everything is contained in an object!
- 1st Step: Create Activity Object

```
import android.app.Activity;
```

```
public class MainActivity extends Activity {
```

```
}
```

Hands on: Hello world!!!!

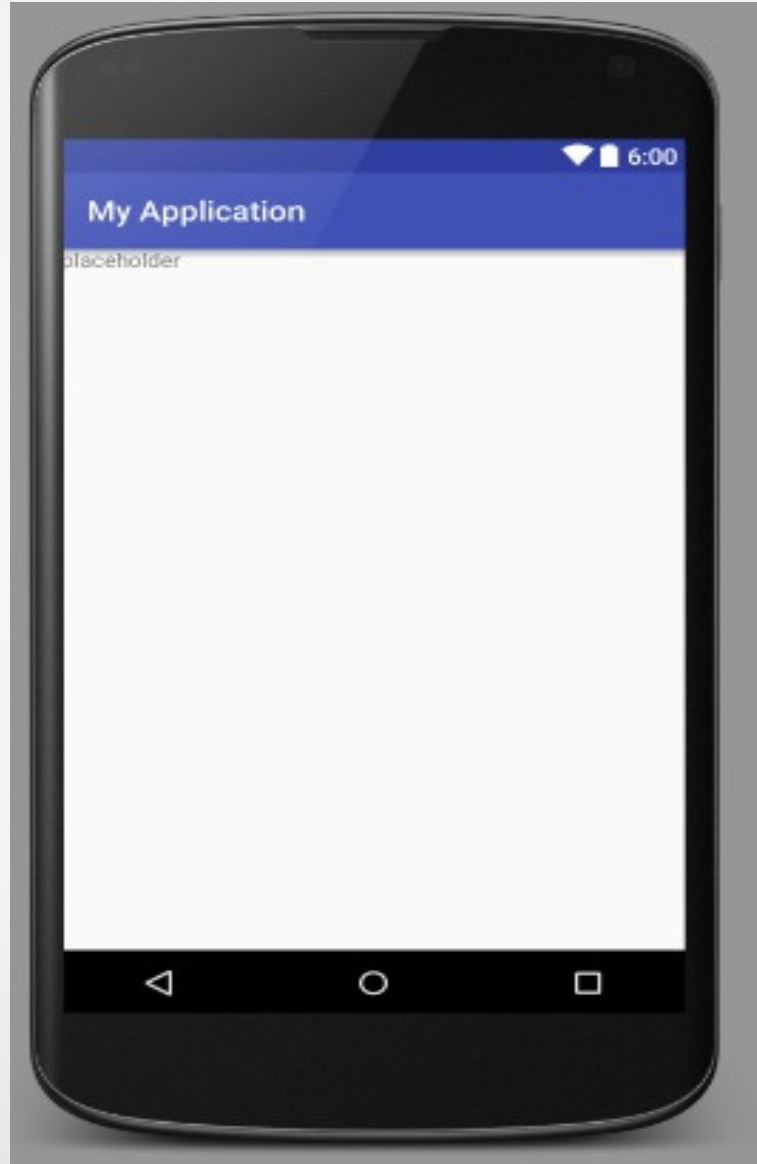
- 2. Step: Create View

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
<RelativeLayout
xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout_height="match_parent">

  <TextView
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="placeholder"
    android:id="@+id/helloTV" />

</RelativeLayout>
```

Hands on: Hello world!!!!



Hands on: Hello world!!!!!!

- Couple View with Activity
- Tell Activity which xml view it should use
- When? onCreate()

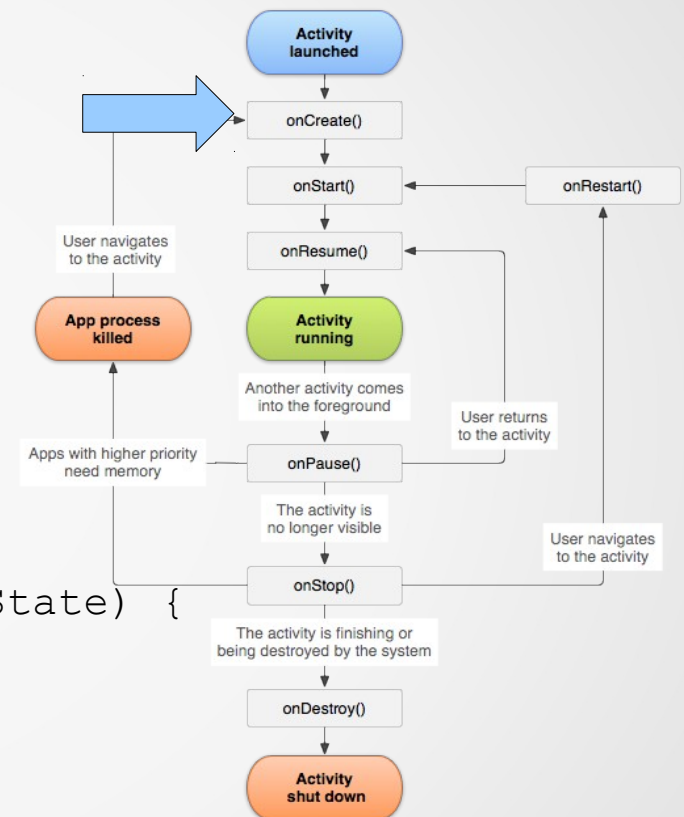
```
import android.app.Activity;  
import android.os.Bundle;
```

```
public class MainActivity extends Activity {
```

```
    @Override
```

```
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {  
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);  
        //set view to our xml view  
    }
```

```
}
```



Hands on: Hello world!!!!!!!

- How?
- xml -> R -> java
- R is the glue between xml and java
- R is java, automatically generated from our xml

Hands on: Hello world!!!!!!!!!!

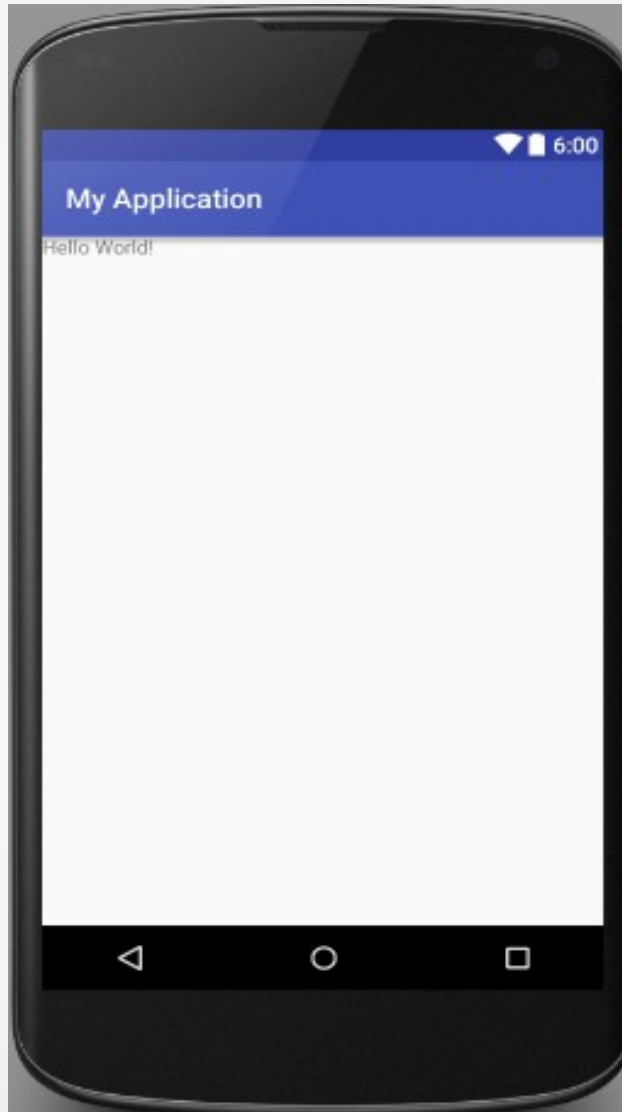
```
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.TextView;
import android.app.Activity;

public class MainActivity extends Activity {

    String helloWorld = "Hello World!";
    TextView helloWorldView;

    @Override
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
        helloWorldView = (TextView) findViewById(R.id.helloTV);
        helloWorldView.setText(helloWorld);
    }
}
```


Hands on: Hello world!!!!!!!!!!!!



Hands on: Hello world!!!!!!!!!!!!!!

- Make the app cooler:
 - Interact with the app: Add Button
- When button is pushed:
 - Add ! to the hello world string

Hands on: Hello world!!!!!!!!!!!!!!

- Define Behavior:

- `public class MainActivity extends Activity {`

```
String helloWorld = "Hello World!";  
TextView helloWorldView;
```

```
@Override
```

```
protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {  
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);  
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);  
    helloWorldView = (TextView) findViewById(R.id.helloTV);  
    helloWorldView.setText(helloWorld);  
}
```

```
→ public void addExclamationMark(View v) { ←  
    helloWorld += "!";  
    helloWorldView.setText(this.helloWorld);  
}  
}
```

Hands on: Hello world!!!!!!!!!!!!!!

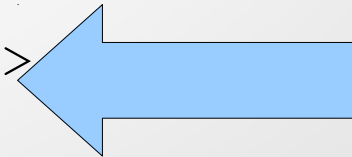
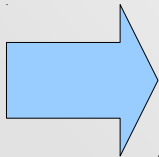
- Define Button:

<TextView

```
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"  
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"  
    android:text="placeholder"  
    android:id="@+id/helloTV" />
```

<Button

```
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"  
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"  
    android:text="Urgent!"  
    android:id="@+id/urgentButton"  
    android:layout_below="@+id/helloTV"  
    android:onClick="addExclamationMark" />
```



Hands on: Hello world!!!!!!!!!!!!



Static data: Resources

- We want :
 - separation of Logic and Data
 - publish our app in more than one languages
- How?
 - Add static data to XML value file

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
```

```
<resources>
```

```
<string name="hello_world">Hello World!</string>
```

```
</resources>
```

```
</xml>
```


Static data: Resources

- Different Languages?
- Different Files!

MyProject/

res/

values/

strings.xml

values-es/

strings.xml

values-fr/

strings.xml

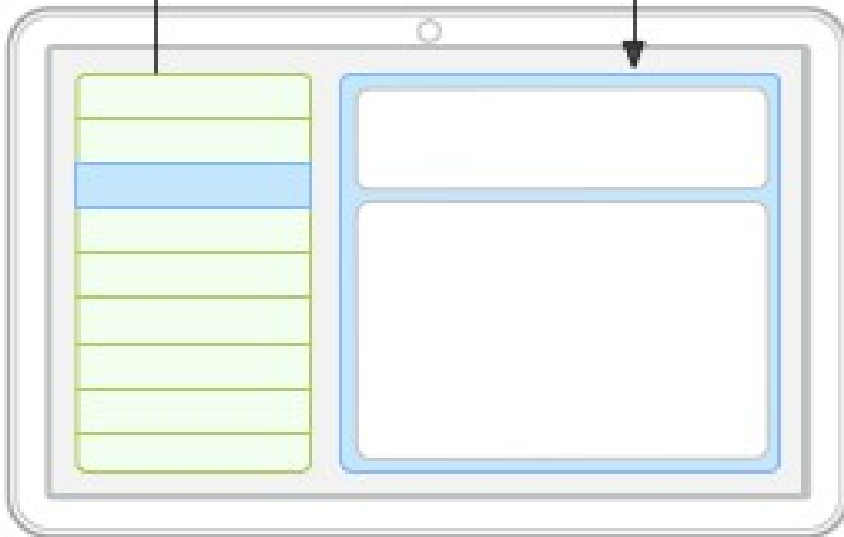
Fragments

- Fragment: The small wannabe activity
 - Activity can have many Fragments
 - Fragments lifecycle is coupled to Activity
 - + more interactive views
 - + modify Activity's appearance during runtime
 - + same Activity different on: Phone vs Tablet

Fragments

Tablet

Selecting an item
updates Fragment B



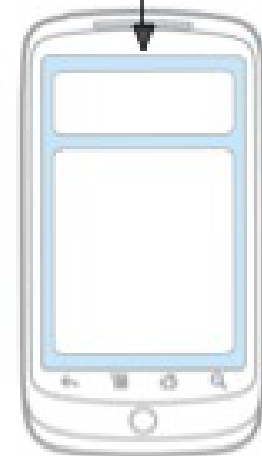
Activity A contains
Fragment A and Fragment B

Handset

Selecting an item
starts Activity B



Activity A contains
Fragment A



Activity B contains
Fragment B

Layouts

- Every displayable item is a View
- Every View is contained in a Layout (or is a Layout)
- A layout is a ViewGroup (it contains views)
- Defines how his/her views are displayd

Layouts

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent"
    android:paddingBottom="@dimen/activity_vertical_margin"
    android:paddingLeft="@dimen/activity_horizontal_margin"
    android:paddingRight="@dimen/activity_horizontal_margin"
    android:paddingTop="@dimen/activity_vertical_margin"
    tools:context="com.example.dell.myapplication.MainActivity">

    <TextView
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:text="placeholder"
        android:id="@+id/helloTV" />

    <Button
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:text="Urgent!"
        android:id="@+id/urgentButton"
        android:layout_below="@+id/helloTV"
        android:onClick="addExclamationMark" />
</RelativeLayout>
```

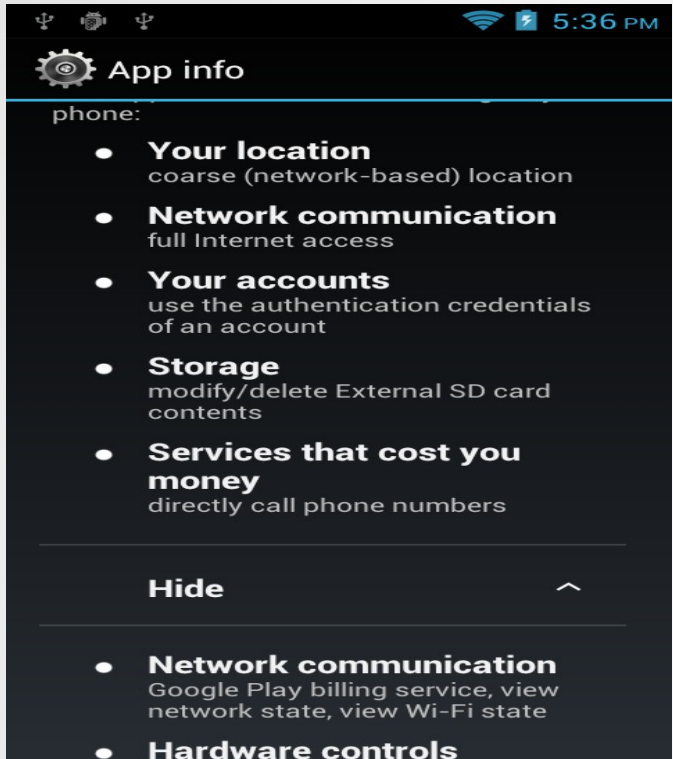
Layouts

- Which Layout should I use?
- Depends on what you need, popular ones are:
 - Linear Layout
 - Relative Layout
 - List View
 - Grid View

Manifest

- Specifies what your app is doing (in xml)
 - Min. android version
 - Icon
 - All Activities
 - All Permissions
 - Starting Activity

Permissions



- Always list all Permissions you need
- Otherwise: ERROR

ToDo

- Before tomorrow:
 - download Android Studio + Emulators:
<http://developer.android.com/sdk/index.html>
 - download java (if you haven't already)
 - (continuing next slide)

ToDo

- Before tomorrow:
 - create a new Project (just use all defaults)
 - run application
 - create new emulator
 - download Image
 - start (maybe you'll get an error here)
 - we will try to fix those errors tomorrow

ToDo

- Tomorrow:
 - Bring your laptop